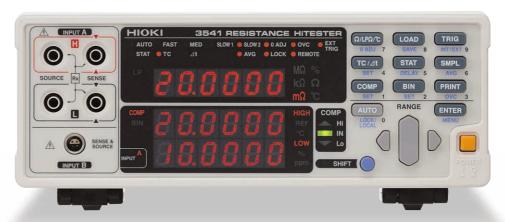




3541 RESISTANCE HITESTER

Components measuring instruments







0.1 $\mu\Omega$ (20 m Ω range) to 110.000 M Ω

Measure from very low $(\mu\Omega)$ to very high $(M\Omega)$ resistances with a single instrument



Along with capabilities for fast, precise measurements over a broad resistance range, Model 3541 also provides functions for temperature correction, comparator and data I/O. Employing a four-terminal measurement method, this instrument is particularly suitable for measuring the resistance of motor and transformer windings, relay/switch and connector contacts, PCB patterns, chip inductor DC resistance and in shipping inspection tests.



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Speed & Precision at Their Highest

From the Laboratory to System Applications



(All indicators shown lit for purposes of illustration)

Major Features

- Wide Measurement Range
 0.1 μΩ (20 mΩ range) to 110.000 MΩ
- High Speed & High Precision Measurements
 As fast as 0.6 ms with 70 ppm precision (in the 2 kΩ to 110 kΩ range)
- Low-Power Measurement Function
 Essential for DCR measurements of chip inductors and connector contacts
- Comparator and BIN Functions
 Fast PASS/FAIL judgments, and measurement value ranking in ten levels
- Two Types of Temperature Correction
 Correction by Pt sensor or infrared thermometer
- Multipolar Connector
 Low thermoelectromotive force supports high-speed measurements

- Measurement Fault Detection
 Enhanced measurement reliability by monitoring contact using all four leads
- Temperature Conversion Function
 Uses resistance to shows temperature variations of measurement objects
- Offset Voltage Compensation Minimizes thermoelectromotive effects
- Equipped with EXT I/O, GP-IB and RS-232C interfaces
 Easily integrates into automated production lines
- Statistical Calculation Functions
 Use for process analysis and quality control
- Stores up to 30 sets of measurement conditions

Measurement conditions can be changed quickly

Data Printing
 Print out measurement values and calculation results
 (with optional Model 9670 Printer)









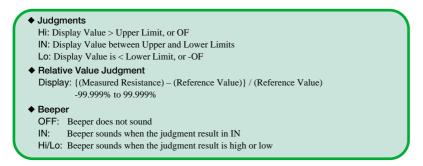






■ Comparator

Compares measurements with preset upper and lower limits, and displays and outputs the judged range of each measurement. Two setting methods are available: absolute value (upper/lower limit setting) and relative value (% of a reference value), and judgment results, indicated by Hi, IN or Lo LEDs and beeper, are also output via EXT I/O, RS-232C and GP-IB interfaces.



■ Classify measurements in up to ten ranking BINs

According to a preset range, measurements can be classified in up to ten ranks (BIN0 through BIN9). Settings are the same as for the comparator, using either absolute or relative values with results displayed and output to EXT I/O, RS-232C and GP-IB interfaces.

■ Store up to 30 sets of measurement conditions

Including settings for comparator and BIN measurements, up to 30 sets of measurement conditions can be stored and recalled by just selecting a setting number, so setting conditions can be changed quickly. Settings can also be accessed by remote control.



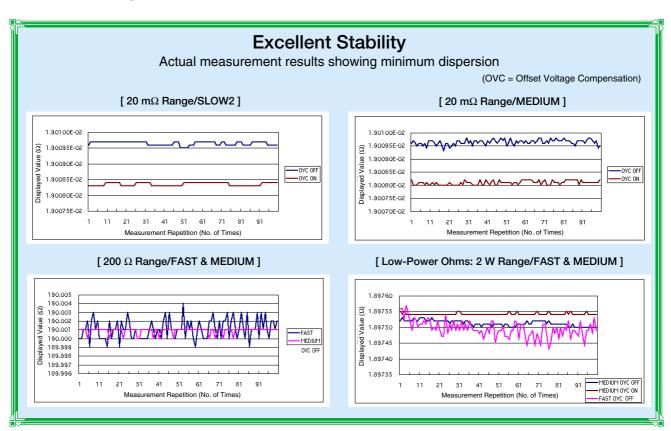
Setup by Upper (Hi) and Lower (Lo) Limits
 Upper and Lower limit range: 0 to 999,999



Setup by Reference Value (REF) and Range (%)
 Setting range: Reference Value = 0 to 999,999
 % = 00.000 to 99.999%



 Setting ranges are the same as for the comparator function.



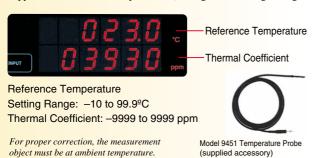
Two types of temperature correction

■ Temperature correction functions regardless of materials and temperature

Using the 9451 Temperature Probe, resistance values measured at ambient temperature can be corrected by applying a thermal coefficient so that the display shows the corresponding resistance values at any other temperature.

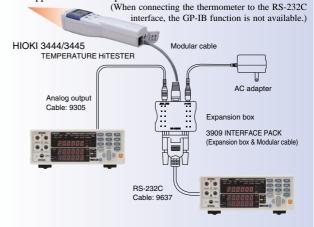
Settings

For example, the resistance of a copper wire that measures 100Ω at 30° C ambient can be corrected for display as the resistance it would have at 23° C by applying the thermal coefficient (3930 ppm for copper when the conductivity ratio is 1), using the following settings.



■ Temperature Correction by Analog Output (Infrared Thermometer)

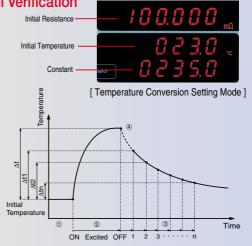
Make temperature corrections by measuring the surface temperature of the measurement object using the analog output from an infrared thermometer, or through the RS-232C interface. Even when the measured object is not at ambient temperature, temperature correction can be applied. Actual temperature can be measured as well.



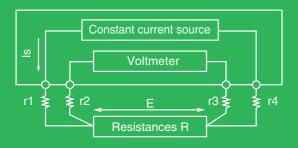
■ Convenient Temperature Conversion Function for Motor Coil Verification

Temperature increase (Δt) is obtained and displayed by converting resistance measurements and ambient temperature. This function is especially useful for verifying motor windings or coils, where the maximum temperature increase needs to be determined when current is applied.

- *The temperature conversion function cannot be used simultaneously with the temperature correction function.
- When a motor or coil has thermally stabilized at room temperature, measure the resistance (ro) and ambient temperature (to) before applying current.
- ② Excite the coil, and when the temperature increase appears to saturate, remove the excitation.
- 3 After removing excitation, determine the temperature (Δt₁ to Δt_n) from the resistance (rt) measured at each specific time (t), and the ambient temperature.
- Project the curve through the collected temperature data (Δt1 to Δtn) to estimate
 the maximum temperature increase (Δt).



For measurements unaffected by test leads or contact resistance - Four-Terminal Resistance Measurements



(Values r1 through r4 are the combined resistances of the test leads and contact resistances.)

With two-terminal measurements, the conductor resistance of the test leads and the contact resistance of the connections are included in the measured resistance, resulting in measurement errors.

The four-terminal measurement method employs a very high input impedance voltmeter, whereby almost all measurement current is conducted through measured resistance R. By measuring the voltage drop across only R, its resistance is measured without being significantly affected by r1 to r4.

$$R = \frac{E}{Is}$$



Multi-functional support for various applications

■ Measurement Fault Detection

Integrity of source and sensor leads and the constant-current supply are continually monitored to ensure measurements with high confidence. When a measurement fault is detected it is indicated on the instrument, and ERR is output from the EXT I/O interface.

■ Offset Voltage Compensation

Thermoelectromotive force occurs at the contact point of different metals. This force affects measurements, and if large enough, it can result in measurement errors. The offset voltage compensation function minimizes the effect of thermoelectromotive force to preserve measurement accuracy.

■ Self-Calibration

Consistent accuracy is maintained by automatic correction of internal circuit offset voltage and gain drift. Self-calibration is applied at every measurement using SLOW1/SLOW2 sampling, and every 30 minutes with FAST/MEDIUM sampling. Self-calibration is also performed at power on, and when measurement conditions are changed.

(Self calibration is enabled when AUTO is selected)

■ Multipolar Connector

A sealed shielded, low-thermoelectromotiveforce multipolar connector (INPUT B) is provided. The excellent noise immunity of this input makes it ideal for high-speed measurements of large resistances, as well as low power measurements.



■ Low Power Measurement

Measures with 10 $\mu\Omega$ resolution (2 Ω range) using just 10 mA measurement current. This is ideal for measuring chip inductor DCR and connector contact resistance.

(Low power measurement is available in the 2Ω to $2k\Omega$ ranges)

Average

Measurement values can be averaged to minimize display instability. With Free Run selected, the display shows the moving average; otherwise, the display shows the average value over a period. The number of samples to average can be set from 2 to 100.

■ Statistical Calculation Functions

To observe process conditions, the mean (\bar{x}) , maximum (Max), minimum (Min) overall standard deviation (s), standard deviation of sample (s) and process productivity index (Cp: dispersion, CpK: bias) can be calculated using up to the maximum of 30,000 measurement values.

■ Data Printing

Measurement values, and those including judgment results and statistical calculation results can be printed using the optional Model 9670 Printer.

Interval Printing

Print out the elapsed time and measurement results in 1- to 3600-second intervals.

Print method: Thermal line dot Print width: 72 mm Print speed: 47.5 mm/s

Power : 9671 AC Adapter or 9672 Battery Pack
Dimensions : Approx. 119 × 77 × 174 mm

Mass : Approx. 500 g

Printer operation requires Models 9638 RS-232C Cable and 9671 AC Adapter, and battery operation requires Models 9672 Battery Pack and 9673 Battery Charger.

[Print Example]

38.418m0hm 38.55m0hm 0.0403 0hm 0.06 0hm 0.498k0hm 19.9950k0hm 10.0117M0hm

[Measurement Values]

109.558MOhm Hi 109.542MOhm IN 109.546MOhm Lo 0.F. Hi - 0.F. Lo [Statistical Calculation Results] BIN-ON

Number 11
Valid 10
Average 1200.16 Orm
Mex 1200.20 Orm(9)
Min 1200.13 Orm(1)
Sn 24.104m0rm
Sn-1 25.409m0rm
Cp 0.19
CpK 0.03
Comp Hi 4
Comp IN 6
Comp Lo 0

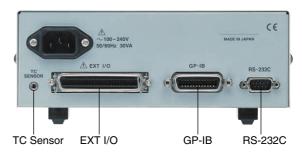
[Statistical Calculation Results] COMP-ON

[Measurement Values including Judgment Results] COMP-ON

Ideal for high-speed automated production lines

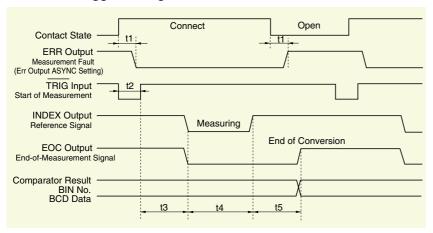
External control by EXT I/O

Starting measurement and loading measurement conditions can be externally controlled, and judgment results, BIN and BCD data can be output, providing easy incorporation in automated lines. General-purpose output is implemented by control of output signals using: IO: OUT commands.



When connecting an infrared thermometer to the RS-232C interface, the GP-IB function is not available.

■ External Trigger Timing Chart



- tı: ERR Output Response Time: $100~\mu s$
- t2: Measurement Trigger Pulse Width: 100 µs (min.)
- t3: Delay Time: per setting
- t4: Input Time: depends on sampling rate, Offset Voltage Compensation on/off, average, delay and supply frequency
- (Fastest: 300 µs: with FAST sampling and Offset Voltage Compensation Off)
- ts: Calculation Time: depends on calculation settings such as sampling rate and comparator

(Fastest: 300 μs: with FAST sampling)

EXT I/O Signals

● Input Signals

\[
\begin{align*}

PRINT : Print on printer

OADJ : Zero adjustment

CAL : Self calibration

Output Signals

ERR
: Measurement fault detected
EOC: End of conversion
INDEX: End of input
Hi: Comparator Hi
IN: Comparator IN
Lo: Comparator Lo
BIN0 to BIN9, OB: BIN outputs*1

BCD1-0 to BCD6-3 : BCD outputs*1

OUT0 to OUT7 : General purpose outputs*2

VCC : Internal power GND : Internal GND

- *1 BIN and BCD outputs are not available at the same time
- *2 General purpose outputs (OUT0 OUT7) are disabled when BCD output is selected.

External Control by Personal Computer

RS-232C and GP-IB interfaces are included as standard features. All functions other than the power switch can be controlled via these terminals.

(Except when connecting an infrared thermometer to the RS-232C interface.)

GP-IB

 $\textbf{SH1} \quad : \textbf{Supports all Source Handshake functions}$

AH1 : Supports all Accepter Handshake functions

T6 Supports Standard Talker functions

Supports Serial Poll functions

Talk-Only mode is not supported Supports Talker Cancel function by MLA (My Listen Address)

L4 : Supports Standard Listener

Listen-Only mode not supported

Supports Listener Cancel function by MTA (My Talk Address)

SR1: Supports all Service Request functions

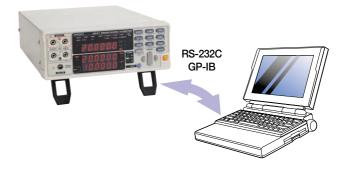
RL1 : Supports all Remote/Local functions

PPO: Parallel Poll function not supported

DC1 : Supports all Device Clear functions

DT1 : Supports all Device Trigger functionsC0 : Controller function not supported

Others: Compliant with IEEE 488.2



RS-232C

Transmission method

: Start/stop synchronization type, full duplex

Transmission

: 9600 bps

speed

Data length : 8 bits Stop bits : 1 bit Parity : none

 $\hbox{ Delimiters } \qquad : CR+LF \ for \ Tx, \ CR \ or \ CR+LF \ for \ Rx$

Flow control : none

Connector : Male 9-pin D-sub,

with #4-40 attachment screws

■ Accuracy

(1) Resistance Measurement [1-Year Accuracy (at 23±5°C) Accuracy: ±(ppm of rdg. + ppm of f.s.)]

Offset voltage compensation : OFF (upper) ON (lower) (20 m Ω to 20 k Ω ranges) 1 ppm=1/1,000,000 (100 ppm=0.01%)

								p 0.0 . , . ,
Range	Maximum display value	Resolution	SLOW2	SLOW1	MEDIUM	FAST	Measurement Current	Open-Terminal Voltage
20 mΩ	20.0000 mΩ	0.1 μΩ	1000 + 150	1000 + 170	1000 + 200	1000 + 250	1 A ± 5%	5 Vmax
	2010000 1112	0.1 [4.2	1000 + 10	1000 + 10	1000 + 10	1000 + 40	111 = 0 / 0	
200 mΩ	200.000 mΩ	1 μΩ	1000 + 60	1000 + 80	1000 + 120	1000 + 170	1 A ± 5%	5 Vmax
200 11122	200.000 11122	Ι μ	1000 + 10	1000 + 10	1000 + 10	1000 + 20	111 = 370	3 vinax
2 Ω	2000.00 mΩ	10 μΩ	140 + 40	140 + 60	140 + 100	140 + 150	100 mA ± 5%	2.6 Vmax
2 32	2000.00 11132	10 μ32	140 + 10	140 + 10	140 + 10	140 + 40	100 1111 ± 370	2.0 Villax
20 Ω	20.0000 Ω	100 μΩ	100 + 40	100 + 60	100 + 100	100 + 150	10 mA ± 5%	2.6 Vmax
20 32	20.0000 \$2	100 μ32	100 + 10	100 + 10	100 + 10	100 + 40	10 Hill 1 ± 5 /0	
200 Ω	200.000 Ω	1 mΩ	80 + 15	80 + 30	80 + 40	80 + 100	10 mA ± 5%	2.6 Vmax
200 32	200.000 \$2	1 11122	80 + 10	80 + 10	80 + 10	80 + 40	10 IIIA ± 570	
2 kΩ	2000.00 Ω	10 mΩ	70 + 15	70 + 30	70 + 40	70 + 100	1 mA ± 5%	2.6 Vmax
2 K32	2000.00 32	10 11122	70 + 10	70 + 10	70 + 10	70 + 100	1 1111 1 ± 370	2.0 Villax
20 kΩ	20.0000 kΩ	100 mΩ	70 + 15	70 + 30	70 + 40	70 + 100	100 μA ± 5%	2.6 Vmax
20 K32	20.0000 K32	100 11122	70 + 10	70 + 10	70 + 10	70 + 100	100 μΑ ± 5/0	
100 kΩ	110.000 kΩ	1 Ω	70 + 30	70 + 60	70 + 80	70 + 200	$100 \mu A \pm 5\%$	13 Vmax
1 MΩ	1100.00 kΩ	10 Ω	80 + 30	80 + 60	80 + 80	150 + 100	$10 \mu A \pm 5\%$	13 Vmax
10 MΩ	11.0000 MΩ	100 Ω	400 + 60	400 + 90	400 + 140	3000 + 200	$1 \mu A \pm 5\%$	13 Vmax
100 MΩ	110.000 MΩ	1 kΩ	2000 + 200	2000 + 230	2000 + 250	30000 (3%)+300	100 nA ± 5%	13 Vmax

Note: $100 \text{ k}\Omega$ range and above are calculated as f.s. = 100,000 dgt.

(2) Low-Power Resistance Measurements [1-Year Accuracy(at 23±5°C) Accuracy: ±(ppm of rdg. + ppm of f.s.)]

Offset voltage compensation : OFF (upper) ON (lower)

Range	Maximum display value	Resolution	SLOW2	SLOW1	MEDIUM	FAST	Measurement Current	Open-Terminal Voltage
2 Ω	2000.00 mΩ	10 μΩ	110 + 100	110 + 120	110 + 150	110 + 200	10 mA ± 5%	60 mVmax
232	2000.00 11122	10 μ22	110 + 10	110 + 10	110 + 20	110 + 80	10 IIIA ± 370	
20 Ω	20.0000 Ω	100 μΩ	110 + 100	110 + 120	110 + 150	110 + 200	1 mA ± 5%	60 mVmax
20 32	20.0000 \$2	100 μ22	110 + 10	110 + 10	110 + 20	110 + 80		
200 Ω	200.000 Ω	1 mΩ	110 + 100	110 + 120	110 + 150	110 + 200	100 μA ± 5%	60 mVmax
200 32	200.000 \$2	1 11152	110 + 10	110 + 10	110 + 20	110 + 80	100 μΑ ± 5%	
2 kΩ	2000.00 Ω	10 mΩ	110 + 100	110 + 120	110 + 150	200 + 200	10 μA ± 5%	60 mVmax
Z K52	2000.00 \$2		110 + 10	110 + 10	110 + 20	200 + 80	10 μΑ ± 5%	OU III v IIIax

Note: Open-terminal voltage is limited to 20 mV or less from the time an external trigger causes INDEX = Hi until the next trigger input.

■ Resistance Measurement

- No temperature correction after zero adjustment.
- Within 0 to 18 and 28 to 40°C, add ±(1/10 Measurement Accuracy)/°C to the above measurement accuracy.
- 60 minutes warm-up (After 30 minutes warm-up, accuracy is twice the specified range).
- Self calibration occurs after warm-up in FAST and MEDIUM modes.
 Temperature variation after warm-up is within ±2°C.
- During temperature correction, the value calculated below is added to the rdg error for resistance measurement accuracy:
- During temperature correction, the value calculated below is added to the rdg error for resistance measurement accuracy:

$$\frac{-100 \; \Omega_{t0} \; \varDelta t}{1 + \; \Omega_{t0} \times (t + \varDelta t \; \text{-to})} \quad \text{[\%]} \quad \begin{array}{l} \text{to} : \text{Reference temp. [°C]} \\ \text{t} : \text{Ambient temp. [°C]} \\ \text{$\varDelta t : Temp. measurement accuracy} \\ \text{$\Omega_{t0} : Temp. coefficient at to is [1/°C]} \end{array}$$

when probe is removed from the sample.

* Open-terminal voltage specifications may be momentarily exceeded

■ Temperature Measurement

(1) Pt sensor (9451-Pt500, at 25°C)

Range of Guaranteed Accuracy	-10.0°C to 39.9°C	40.0°C to 99.9°C		
Resolution	0.1°C			
6-Month Accuracy	±0.30% rdg. ±0.5°C*	±0.30% rdg ±1.0°C*		
1-Year Accuracy	±0.45% rdg. ±0.8°C*	±0.45% rdg ±1.5°C*		

^{*}Accuracy is in combination with Model 9451 Temperature Probe. Accuracy of instrument alone is ±0.2°C/6 Months (±0.3°C/year). Add temperature coefficient ±0.02°C/°C to above accuracy for ambient temperature ranges 0 to 18 and 28 to 40°C.

(2) Analog Input (1-Year Accuracy)

Input Range	0 V to 2 V
Display	-99.9 to 999.9℃
Resolution	1 mV or better
Accuracy	±1% rdg. ±3 mV*

^{*} Conversion method temperature accuracy (Only 3541 instrument). $1\% \times (TR - Tov) + 0.3\% \times (T1V - ToV)$ T_{1V} : Temperature at 1V input, Tov: Temperature at 0V input, Tn: Current temp. Add temperature coefficient ($\pm 0.1\%$ rdg. ± 0.3 mV)/°C to above

accuracy for ambient temperature ranges 0 to 18 and 28 to 40°C.

■ Specifications

Measurement : Four-terminal resistance measurement

 $0.1~\mu\Omega$ (20 m Ω range) to $110.000~M\Omega$

Low power four-terminal resistance measurement

 $10 \,\mu\Omega$ (2 Ω range) to $2.00000 \,k\Omega$

Temperature measurement (Pt) -10.0 to 99.9°C Temperature measurement (analog) 0 to 2V

: Auto or Manual Range switching

Zero adjust : Zero-adjust range is 1,000 dgt for each

measurement range

Triager : Internal or External

: SLOW2, SLOW1, MEDIUM and FAST Sampling

Analog response

: 1 ms (in 200 Ω range)

(depends on range and conditions) time

Functions : Temperature correction, temperature

> conversion, self calibration, measurement fault detection, overflow detection, offset voltage compensation, average, statistical calculation, key lock, save/load, comparator, BIN measurement

■ General Specifications

Operating temperature : 0 to 40°C, 80% RH or less (non-condensating)

and humidity

Storage temperature

: -10 to 40°C, 80% RH or less (non-condensating) and humidity

Guaranteed accuracy

: 23 ±5°C, 80% RH or less (non-condensating)

temperature and humidity

Operating environment : Indoors, 2000 m ASL or below Rated supply voltage : 100 to 240 VAC ±10%

Rated supply frequency: 50/60 Hz Rated power consumption: 30 VA

Insulation withstand : 1.39 kVAC for 15s, with 10 mA cutoff current potential [All power supply terminals] - [Protective ground] **Dimensions** : Approx. 215W × 80H × 295D mm (excluding projections)

Mass : Approx. 2.6 kg

Sampling (Resistance and Low Power Resistance measurements)

Measurement time (from trigger until EOC=ON) [ms] (t4+t5 in Timing Chart on page 5)

Supply Frequency	SLOW2	SLOW1	MEDIUM	FAST
50Hz	455 ±10	155 ±5	21 ±1	0.6 ±0.3
60Hz	449 ±10	149 ±5	17 ±1	0.0 ±0.3

Delay = 0 ms, TC OFF, Statistical calculation OFF, Offset Voltage Correction OFF

Acquisition time (from INDEX = OFF to INDEX = ON) [ms] (t4 in Timing Chart on page 5)

Supply Frequency	SLOW2	SLOW1	MEDIUM	FAST	
50Hz	400 ±10	100 ±5	20.0 ±1	0.30 ±0.1	
60Hz	400 ±10	100 ±3	16.7 ±1	0.30 ±0.1	

- Temperature Measurement: Measurement Cycle; 400 ±10 ms
- Delay [ms] (AUTO) [OVC: Offset Voltage Compensation]
- Resistance Measurement

Range [Ω]	20m	200m	2 to 20k	100k	1M	10M	100M
OVC OFF	3	0	3	10	100	500	1000
OVC ON			100	_	_	_	_

• Low Power Mode

Range $[\Omega]$	2	20	200	2k
OVC OFF	3		15	
OVC OFF	100			

MANUAL: Delay setting: 0.000 to 9.999 s

: 9287-10 CLIP TYPE LEAD, 9451 TEMPERATURE Accessories

PROBE, Power Cord, EXT I/O Male Connector

Applicable Standards: Safety

EN61010-1:2001

Power supply Overvoltage Category II 300 V

(Anticipated overvoltage 2.5 kV)

EMC

EN61326:1997+A1:1998+A2:2001

EN61000-3-2:2000

EN61000-3-3:1995+A2:2001 Effect of radiated radio frequency electromagnetic fields: 1% f.s. Effect of conducted radio frequency electromagnetic fields: 0.5% f.s.

3541 RESISTANCE HITESTER

Options

9452 CLIP TYPE LEAD

9453 FOUR TERMINAL LEAD

9454 ZERO ADJUSTMENT BOARD

9455 PIN TYPE LEAD(for ultra precision)

9461 PIN TYPE LEAD

9465 PIN TYPE LEAD

9467 LARGE CLIP TYPE LEAD

9300 CONNECTION CABLE(for multipolar connectors)

9637 RS-232C CABLE(9pin-9pin/cross/1.8m)

9638 RS-232C CABLE(9pin-25pin/cross/1.8m)

9151-02 GP-IB CONNECTOR CABLE(2m)

9151-04 GP-IB CONNECTOR CABLE(4m)

9670 PRINTER

9671 AC ADAPTER(for 9670)

9672 BATTERY PACK(for 9670)

9673 BATTERY CHARGER(for 9672)

9237 RECORDING PAPER (80 mm × 25 m, 4 rolls)

9287-10 (supplied)



9461



9452

pprox. 80 cm betwee onnectors, and 20 cm etween probes



9453

connectors, and 30 cm between probes



Approx. 40 cm between connectors, and 25 cm

9455



Approx. 1.7 m between connectors, and 10 cm



Approx. 85 cm between

9454



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